www.ejmscience.com DOI: 10.5455/ja.20160606123350



## Honey in oral diseases: Ayurvedic and Unani perspective

We read the article titled- 'Honey and its uses in oral diseases-An overview' by Patil S and Gudipaneni RK with profound interest. We would like to congratulate the authors for giving an informative narrative regarding use of honey in oral diseases. The authors have reviewed the applications of honey in oral diseases namely oral ulcers (recurrent minor apthae, recurrent herpetic ulcers), oral cancer, periodontal conditions (gingivitis and periodontitis and gingivitis gingivitis associated with orthodontic procedures) and oral candidiasis. Additionally, authors discuss the use of honey as an intra canal medicament and in dental caries prevention.

Bee's honey is one of the most cherished natural substances known to mankind. Honey known as madhu in ayurvedic scriptures is one of the most important medicines used in ayurveda. In ayurveda, honey is used for both internal and external applications. According to ayurveda, there are eight different types of honey- Pouttika, Bhramara, Kshoudra, Makshika, Chatra, Arghya, Oudalaka, Dala. Of these, Makshika is considered medicinally the best and Ouddalakam is known to increase taste.[1] According to ayurveda, Bee's honey is used in treatment of bad breath - 5 g of powdered cinnamon bark and 5ml of bee's honey mixed with water may be used as a mouth wash. [2] Manuka and acacia honey have been successfully used against halitosis (malodour). [3] Massaging gums gently with bee's honey has been found to be effective in teething in children.[4] In a recent pilot study on ayurvedic management of oral submucous fibrosis Koshthashuddhi (mild purgation) and Shodhana Nasya (errhine therapy); Pratisarana (external application) with Madhupippalyadi Yoga, Kavala (gargling) with Ksheerabala Taila and internally Rasayana Yoga were given. [5] Honey is an integral part of Madhupippalyadi Pratisarana and Rasayana Yoga. Statistically highly significant relief in almost all signs and symptoms as well in inter incisal distance improvement was noted. Topical application of honey can be used for the management of radiation-induced oral mucositis and chemotherapy induced oral stomatitis.[6,7]

The classical literature of Unani System of Medicine has a large number of formulations which have been used in various diseases of mouth (Amrāz-i Fam). All the important books such as Kitāb al-Hāwī fi'l-Tibb by Muhammad b. Zakariyya Rāzī (d. 926), al-Mu'ālajāt al-Buqrātiyya by Abū

Hasan Ahmad b. Muhammad Tabarī (d. 985), Kāmil al-Sanā'a al-Tibbiyya by 'Alī b. 'Abbās Majūsī (d. 994), have exclusive chapters on the diseases of oral cavity. The base used in Unani medicine is often honey (Shahed or Asl Musaffa). The Qiwam (Basic Solution of Particular consistency) is generally made by adding Aab (Water), Arq (distillate) or Aab-e-Samar (fruit juice) etc. in any of the bases of purified Asl (Honey), Sugar, Turanjabeen (Tamarix indica gum), Sheerkhisht (Fraxinus ornus 31 32 exudate) etc. boiled over low fire till it acquires a required particular consistency. [8] Important Unani formulations types that contain honey are- Anushdaru, Gulgand (Conserve), Khameera (Fermented confection), Laooq (Linctus), Majun (Confection), Murabba (Preserver), Sikanjbeen. Preparation medicines which has honey as one of its components are Khamira Gaozaban for Qulā' (Stomatitis) and Jawarish Bisbasa and Jawarish Jalinus for Bakhr-ul-fam (Bad breath).

There is an ongoing debate regarding the harmful effects of honey on teeth. A cariogenic effect of honey has been reported [9], but the effect of honey is found to be less cariogenic that sucrose. [10] Additionally, honey has been suspected to cause erosion of tooth enamel. According to electron microscopic studies ingestion of honey does not cause erosion of tooth enamel as observed after drinking of fruit juice (pH 3.5). Ten minutes after consumption of fruit juice tooth erosion was seen, while 30 minutes after honey ingestion the erosion was only very weak. [11].

Oral diseases continue to be a major health problem worldwide. The traditional knowledge of Ayurveda and Unani medicine, if integrated with the modern dentistry, will make dentistry much safer, affordable and more accessible for the lower socio-economic groups in society.

> Arpita Rai Department of Oral Medicine and Radiology, Faculty of Dentistry, Jamia Millia Islamia.

> Address for correspondence: Arpita Rai, Department of Oral Medicine and Radiology, Faculty of Dentistry, Jamia Millia Islamia. arpitadoc@gmail.com

Received: May 28, 2016 Accepted: May 30, 2016 Published: July 01, 2016

## REFERENCES

- Ediriweera ERHSS, Premarathna NYS. Medicinal and cosmetic uses of Bee's Honey – A review. Ayu. 2012;33(2):178-182. doi:10.4103/0974-8520.105233.
- Edward Group. The health benefits of locally grown raw honey. [Last cited on 2010 Jan 28]. Available from: http://www.globalhealingcenter. com/natural-health/health-benefits-of-organic-locally-grown-raw-honey.
- Shiga H, Jo A, Terao K, Nakano M, Oshima T, Maeda N. Decrease of halitosis by intake of manuka honey, General Session of IADR Barcelona, 14.July2010
- Taylor VB. The Miracle of Honey. 1998. [Last cited on 2010 Feb 03]. Available from:http://www.4islam.com/honeys.html .
- Patel KR, Rajagopala M, Vaghela DB, Shah A. A pilot study on Ayurvedic management of oral submucous fibrosis. Ayu 2015;36:34-40.
- Bardy J, Molassiotis A, Ryder W, Mais K, Sykes A, Yap B, Lee L, Kaczmarski E, Slevin N. A double-blind, placebo-controlled, randomised trial of active manuka honey and standard oral care for radiation-induced oral mucositis. British Journal of Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery 2012; 50 (3): 221-226.

- Mohamed S A, Shebl A, Weheida SM. The Effect of Topical Application of Honey on Management of Chemotherapy Induced Oral Stomatitis. Life Science Journal-Acta Zhengzhou University Overseas Edition 9, 2012 (4): 5128-5134.
- Kabir H. Shamsher's Morakkabat (Unani Formulations) 1st edition 2003, Shamsher Publisher and Distributors, Aligarh, India.
- Shannon IL, Edmonds EJ, Madsen KO. Honey: Sugar content and cariogenicity. Journal of dentistry for children 1979: 29-33.
- Decaix C. Comparative study of sucrose and honey. Le Chirurgiendentiste de France 1976; 46 (285-286): 59-60.
- Grobler SR, Du Toit IJ, Basson, NJ. The effect of honey on human tooth enamel in vitro observed by electron microscopy and microhardness measurements. Archives of Oral Biology 1994;39: 147-153.

© EJManager. This is an open access article licensed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution Non-Commercial License (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc/3.0/) which permits unserticted, noncommercial use, distribution and reproduction in any medium, provided the work is properly cited.

Source of Support: Nil, Conflict of Interest: None declared